

FO

11. *Chrysomelidae*

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It is the policy of the United States Government to support the efforts of the people of the Republic of China to maintain their independence and to resist the aggression of the People's Republic of China.

This is an FBI investigation
of the activities of the
American People's Party
and its affiliates.

子臣

11-11-63

NY 67-1572

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

[illegible]

This republic was discovered by Pineda and the
Pines, and the Indians then fled to Pangu, (San Antonio),
one of them to the north, (San Antonio), to San Antonio, in
Texas, (Pangu), and the others to the south.

1. 凡在本行工作的员工，均须遵守本行各项规章制度，不得有违。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。2. 本行员工应保持良好的职业道德，不得利用职务之便谋取私利。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。3. 本行员工应保持良好的工作态度，不得有怠慢、敷衍等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。4. 本行员工应保持良好的团队合作精神，不得有排挤、打压等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。5. 本行员工应保持良好的沟通能力，不得有争吵、辱骂等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。6. 本行员工应保持良好的保密意识，不得泄露本行机密信息。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。7. 本行员工应保持良好的安全意识，不得有疏忽大意等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。8. 本行员工应保持良好的卫生习惯，不得有随地吐痰、乱扔垃圾等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。9. 本行员工应保持良好的着装规范，不得有穿着不整、不洁等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。10. 本行员工应保持良好的言行举止，不得有粗言秽语、举止不端等行为。如有违反，一经查出，定予严肃处理，决不姑息。

[illegible][illegible]

The Bureau of Labor Statistics is pleased to present the preliminary report of the Bureau of Census on the 1960 Census of the United States. The report is available in the form of a booklet, "1960 Census of the United States: Preliminary Report," and is available in the form of a booklet, "1960 Census of the United States: Preliminary Report."

1. The purpose of this document is to provide information regarding the proposed changes to the existing contract between the City of Los Angeles and the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD). The proposed changes are intended to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the LAPD's operations and to ensure that the City of Los Angeles is able to meet its obligations to the LAPD.

1. The first objective of the program is to provide information to the public on the current status of the program and the progress of the work. This will be done through a series of public hearings and a public information campaign. The second objective is to develop a plan of action for the program, which will be based on the information gathered from the public hearings and the public information campaign. The third objective is to implement the plan of action and to monitor the progress of the work. This will be done through a series of public hearings and a public information campaign. The fourth objective is to evaluate the program and to make recommendations for improvement. This will be done through a series of public hearings and a public information campaign.

1. 凡在本行開辦之各項業務，均應遵守本行所定之規章制度，並應隨時注意業務之改進，以期提高服務品質。

[illegible]

1. 凡在本行存款，利息按日计算，按月结息，存入时不扣利息。

1. 凡在本行开立存款账户的客户，均可向本行申请开立定期存款账户。
 2. 定期存款账户的开立，须由客户填写《定期存款开户申请书》，并提供有效身份证件。
 3. 本行定期存款账户分为整存整付、零存整付、整存零付、零存零付四种类型。
 4. 定期存款的期限分为三个月、六个月、九个月、十二个月、十八个月、二十四个月、三十六个月、四十八个月、六十个月、七十二个月、八十四个月、九十六个月、一百零八个月、一百二十个月。
 5. 定期存款的利率按中国人民银行规定的利率执行。
 6. 定期存款账户的开立，须由客户本人或授权代理人办理。
 7. 定期存款账户的开立，须由客户本人或授权代理人提供有效身份证件。
 8. 定期存款账户的开立，须由客户本人或授权代理人提供有效身份证件。
 9. 定期存款账户的开立，须由客户本人或授权代理人提供有效身份证件。
 10. 定期存款账户的开立，须由客户本人或授权代理人提供有效身份证件。

1. 1941年12月1日，日本帝国主义侵略军占领香港。

NY 65-1251

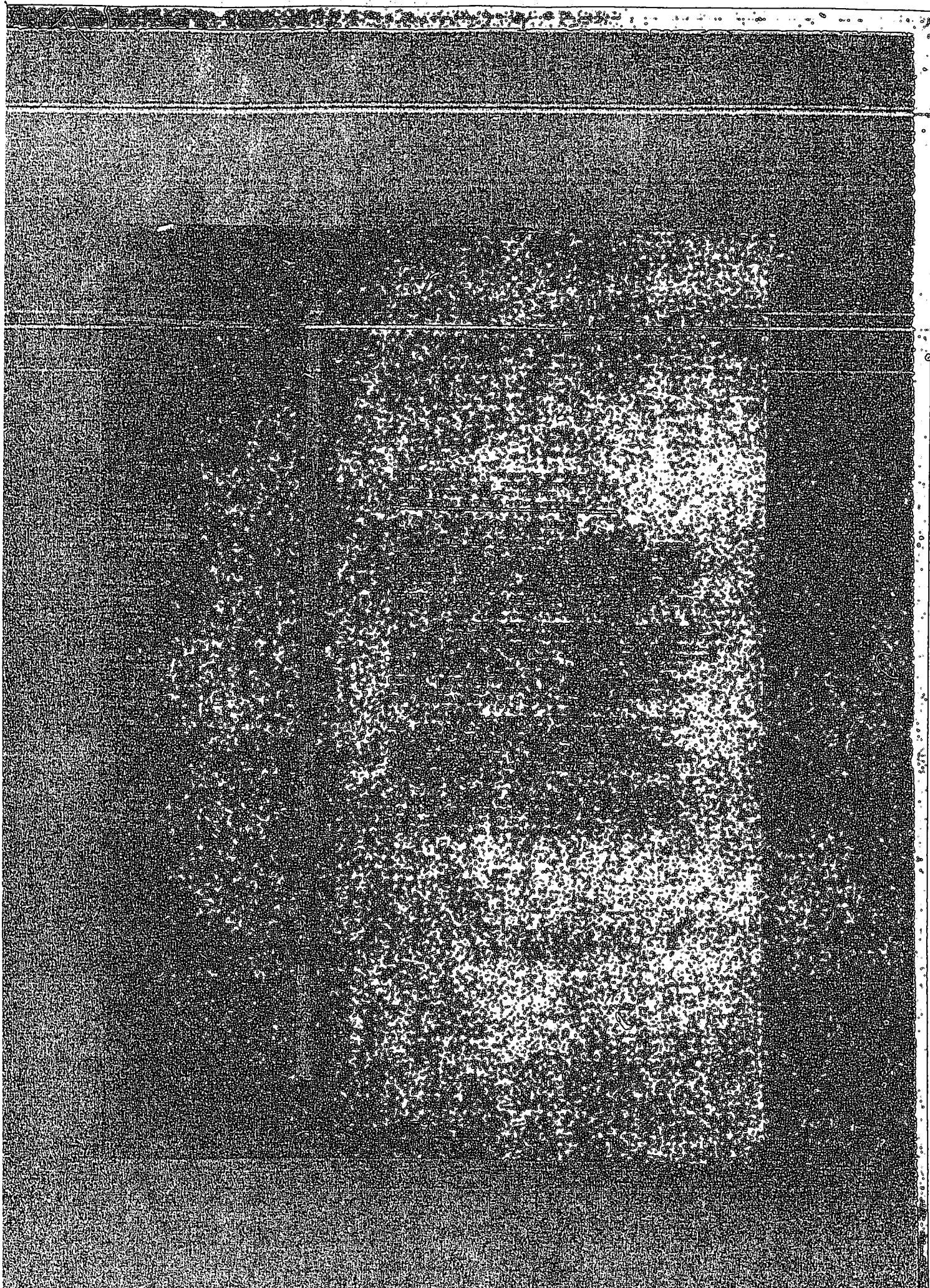
He was president of the NAA last year. It was incorporated under the New York State laws in 1941, to promote the ideas of the United States Constitution among Ukrainian immigrants in the United States, maintaining interest of Ukrainians in their culture and advancing a liberated Democratic Ukrainian, which country is now called the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic (USSR).

It has a publication "Signal", a semi-monthly Ukrainian language newspaper. It was financially supported, until August, 1955, by the American Committee for Information from Switzerland (ACIS), 6 East 41 Street, New York City. The ACIS, he explained, endeavored to organize various anti-communist organizations in the United States and Europe into one anti-Bolshevik front to assure the liberation of the people of Russia from Communism.

He explained that the ACIS withdrew its support of the NAA and its newspaper, as well as its support to all other anti-communist organizations in order to try and have them agree on a common program for fighting Communism abroad. However, to date the anti-communist nationality groups, like the NAA, have not been able to agree with other Russian anti-communist groups who oppose the establishment of future independent separate states within a liberated Russia. Consequently, no anti-communist organizations received financial support from the ACIS.

The "Signal" is now supported by subscriptions and contributions from the members of the NAA, whom able to pay. The NAA has about 600 members, and its president is VIOLA WILKIN, 120 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn, New York.

The NAA sympathizes with USSR's executive group of Ukrainians in the USSR.



had no information that the subject organization in the United States was financed or controlled from abroad, or performed any duties for any foreign principal.

Two sympathetic persons of the subject organization in the United States have very infrequently published a newspaper "Argentinian Tribune" under the name of the subject organization. It is anti-communist in policy, and supports the idea of freedom and a democratic government in a future liberated Argentina. Due to this newspaper, not being published regularly and often, it was considered to be ineffective.

Other sympathizers of the subject organization in the United States are ARMANDO GARCIA and JUAN VARELA, both of whom live somewhere in New Jersey. GARCIA is believed to be the head of the subject organization in the United States, and associated with the subject organization called the "Argentinian Tribune Committee of America (ATCA)".

One time last year, GARCIA heard that the subject organization and its sympathizers split over the question of a person working with TANCY in Uruguay, due to TANCY's questionable past history, mentioned above. As a result, GARCIA heard that TANCY and his group had left the subject group in the United States.

GARCIA has continued to head the subject organization, and tried to explain that TANCY's association with TANCY was not as pictured in the newspaper "Argentinian Tribune", and that TANCY is a "true" worker in the country, while TANCY had imposed himself on the subject organization.

GARCIA is sympathetic with the view of TANCY, and sympathizes with TANCY and the subject organization. In his opinion, the only differences between the two leaders and their organizations lies in the fact that TANCY and his organization wants to see a free and democratic Argentina.

JOHN B. BAKER, 119 New Jersey Street, Brooklyn, New York, was interviewed on June 1, 1953, at the New York Office in the Russian language by SA [redacted] and the writer.

He advised as follows:

He entered the United States on October 1, 1939, as an immigrant, and is now employed as an architect and engineer at Syracuse, 150 Broadway, New York City. He is advised that during 1939-1940, he was a representative of the New York State district at Syracuse in Syracuse, which processed that country during that time.

The Ukrainian American Republic, Central Council, Inc., held a convention composed of about 15 persons in South River, New Jersey, on December 7, 1943. Due to the delegates being unable to attend a continuous session, the convention was also held on several other dates during the early part of 1944.

"President" was elected for three years to administer the subject organization, and it is composed of the following persons:

Chairman - [redacted]
[redacted] 24 Street
New York City

Vice Chairman - NICHOLAS J. [redacted]
Sullivan, Illinois

Secretary - [redacted]

The "President" is authorized to act with the approval of the following persons, whom they consider as members of the subject Ukrainian Republic:

[redacted]
[redacted] 24 Street
New York City

NY 97-1022

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

This letter contains information that is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, and is being furnished to you for your information only.

1. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

2. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

NY 97-2451

3. Unify all Ukrainian groups and engage in combating Ukrainian, and try to educate all anti-communist people concerning the program of the subject organization.
4. Free support of the Ukrainian introduced into the United States Congress by Congressman Lawrence H. Smith of Wisconsin. This organization calls that the United States Government establish direct diplomatic relations with the Government of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, and the Government of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, according to diplomatic procedure, "as he would, in reality's opinion, across the ideological propaganda that the press and the Church are propagating, and practice contact with possible contacts groups in both countries to help in the future liberation of these countries.
5. Oppose any cooperation with any Russian anti-Communist groups that want to illustrate the free will and providing a program now for independence of Ukraine. Since the AUSA is attempting to unify all anti-communist Ukrainian groups of origin in fighting Ukrainian Soviet, and will only consider the question of how to liberate Russia as a country, and will not consider the position of independence for various Russian nationality peoples thereof, the subject organization is not in favor of the AUSA program, and receives no monetary support from the AUSA.

However, the subject organization does cooperate with other anti-communist groups with similar programs, like the Ukrainian, English, and the like, since, to offer the anti-communist within the USA independence has a powerful propaganda value in securing the people's support behind the "free Ukraine situation" to resist Ukrainian.

NY 97-1291

6. Requested that the Episcopalian Church in Paterson, New Jersey, which is under the leadership of Archbishop WALTER L. RAY, be incorporated along with other Episcopalian churches in England and Argentina under the jurisdiction of an Episcopal Diocese (the same being the Greek Orthodox Church in Constantinople, Turkey).
7. Urge the Voice of America of the United States Information Agency to facilitate and encourage Episcopalian missionaries throughout the East in order to encourage anti-communism in that country.

Since this convention, the subject organization has written congratulatory letters to various public officials, explaining the hopes of the Episcopians for freedom of the humanist, and urging the above program of the subject organization be implemented by the United States Government.

The subject organization is dependent on contributions of its members, and has "no end fund" however the convention proposed that all contributions as such as possible, like the day after of their monthly income to defray their organizational expenses, and in order that their membership, "Episcopalian Friends", might be published.

This organization has no bank account, such major funds as it receives are managed by Archbishop WALTER L. RAY in South River, New Jersey. It is entirely financed by voluntary contributions as noted by the officers and active members who make up 75 members in the United States and abroad. The great majority of the membership is in South River, New Jersey.

Its policy is determined solely in the United States. It neither receives or needs orders, directions, or approval from any foreign persons or bodies to

NY 97-1251

operate, it does not collect information or anything of value for anyone except like OSWALD. Also this organization does not have any underground network or penetrating behind screen, since it operates openly in the United States.

About two and one half years ago FORAN heard that OSWALD had been cooperating with the British authorities in England and in the British form of company in trying to penetrate the USSR and other "free world countries" with anti-communist agents. However, FORAN understood that this operation had been unsuccessful. He said that this operation, if true, was handled by OSWALD as an individual and not with participation of the subject organization.

SYLVESTER VIVOLAY RUCH, also known as
"THE SWAMPY MAN" (WHITE RUSSIAN) NARRATOR
[redacted]

FORAN also advised as follows:

In 1952 OSWALD joined the Sylvester Vivolay Club, which is also known as the White Russian or "Belarusian Liberation Movement" (BLM), in Munich, Germany, of which FORAN was never a member. This club was formed by OSWALD and others, who is really OSWALD, a "Belarusian" living in Munich, with a view to securing financial support from the ACLA.

The ACLA was then trying to form an anti-Bolshevik front of various anti-communist organizations, and to secure the liberation of the people of Russia, but not necessarily the establishment of independent or friendly states within Russia.

The club prepared the liberation of "Belarusia" along with "non-participation of the responsibility of individuals" at that time, in conformity with the program of the ACLA.

IT 7-1-13

The first item is a letter from the
State Department to the Secretary of the
State, dated July 1, 1913, regarding
the proposed amendment to the
Constitution of the United States,
and the proposed amendment to the
Constitution of the United States.

The second item is a letter from the
Secretary of the State to the Secretary of the
State, dated July 1, 1913, regarding
the proposed amendment to the
Constitution of the United States,
and the proposed amendment to the
Constitution of the United States.

The third item is a letter from the
Secretary of the State to the Secretary of the
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the proposed amendment to the
Constitution of the United States,
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Constitution of the United States.

NY 91-103

The President is the Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces of the United States. He has the honor and the privilege of being the first citizen of the United States. He is the symbol of the nation's unity and the embodiment of its hopes and dreams.

The President is elected by the people of the United States. He is elected for a term of four years. He may be re-elected for one more term. He is elected by the Electoral College, which is made up of electors from each state and the District of Columbia.

The President is the head of the Executive Branch of the Federal Government. He is responsible for the execution of the laws of the United States. He is also responsible for the management of the Federal Government.

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• **تاریخ**

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